

Supplementary Material to the article

Overview of IGAC/SPARC Chemistry-Climate Model Initiative (CCMI) Community Simulations in Support of Upcoming Ozone and Climate Assessments

by Eyring, V. and 34 co-authors

published in SPARC Newsletter No. 40, January 2013

available at <http://www.sparc-climate.org/publications/newsletter/>

Table S1: Potential remote sensing products for evaluating tropospheric trace gases:

Instrument	Platform	Meas. Period	Typical Nadir Res. (km)	Equator Crossing Time ^b	NO ₂	HCHO	SO ₂	CO	O ₃ ^a	AOT _{550 nm}	H ₂ O	CH ₄	Lightning	Clouds ^c
TOMS	Various	1979-	38x38	Various					X _c					
GOME	ERS-2	1995-2003	320x40	10:30 <i>d</i>	X	X	X		X		X			
MOPITT	Terra	2000-	22x22	10:30 <i>d</i>				X _c						
MISR	Terra	2000-	18x18 ^e	10:30 <i>d</i>						X				
MODIS	Terra Aqua	2000-2002-	10x10 ^e	10:30 <i>d</i> 1:30 <i>a</i>						X				X _c
AIRS	Aqua	2002-	14x14	1:30 <i>a</i>			X	X _{mt}			X	X _{ut}		
SCIA-MACHY	Envisat	2002-2011	60x30	10:00 <i>d</i>	X _c	X _c	X _c	X	X		X	X _c		
OSIRIS	Odin	2001-	limb	6:30	X				X					
MLS	Aura	2004-	limb	1:45 <i>a</i>				X _{ut}	X _{ut}		X _{ut}			
OMI	Aura	2004-	24x13	1:45 <i>a</i>	X _c	X _c	X _c		X _c	X				
TES	Aura	2004-	8x5	1:45 <i>a</i>				X	X		X	X		X
PARASOL	PARASOL	2004-	18x16	1:30 <i>a</i>						X				
CALIOP	CALIPSO	2006-	40x40	1:30 <i>a</i>						X				
GOME-2	MetOp	2006-	80x40	9:30 <i>d</i>	X _c	X _c	X _c		X		X			
IASI	MetOp	2006-	12x12	9:30 <i>d</i>				X	X					
LIS/OTD ^f	MICROLAB-1/TRMM	1998-2010	0.5°x0.5°									X		
ISCCP	multiple	1983-												X _c

^aIncluding the overhead ozone column.

^bCrossing time occurs at both AM and PM. Descending orbits are indicated by *d* and ascending orbits by *a*.

^cValue given for clear-sky conditions. Clouds impede the retrieval.

^dNumber of discrete wavelengths

^eRadiances for MISR and MODIS are acquired at between 205m and 1.1km, depending on channel. Resolutions reported here are for the standard operational aerosol product.

^fFlash rates to help evaluate distribution of NO_x emissions from lightning – 0.5° x 0.5° latitude x longitude.

^gInitially focus on cloud optical depth; ISCCP website: <http://isccp.giss.nasa.gov/overStatPg.html>; for the future, vertical information is available through the combined CloudSat/Calipso data.

X_c=column data; X_{ut}=upper tropospheric data; X_{mt}=middle tropospheric data.

Table S2: Remote sensing products from limb-viewing satellite instruments for potential use in evaluations of stratospheric trace gases. Orbit and sampling characteristics important for instrument-specific climatology construction are extracted from a preliminary version of *Table 3.1* of the SPARC-DataInitiative (2013) report (in preparation):

Instrument	Latitudinal coverage	Local time ¹	Local time measurement time ²	Inclination
SAGE I	75°S–75°N (~over one season)	N/A	N/A	56°
SAGE II	75°S–75°N (~over one season)	N/A	N/A	57°
HALOE	75°S–75°N (~over one season)	N/A	N/A	57°
MLS	80°S–80°N (~over two months)	N/A	N/A	57°
OSIRIS	82°S–82°N (daily, no winter hemisphere)	a: 6:30 pm d: 6:30 am	a: 6:30 pm d: 6:30 am	97.8°
SMR	82°S–82°N (daily)	a: 6:30 pm d: 6:30 am	a: 6:30 pm d: 6:30 am	97.8°
GOMOS	90°S–90°N (daily, no summer poles for night measurements)	a: 10 pm d: 10 am	a: 10-12 pm d: 8-10.30 am	98.55°
MIPAS	90°S–90°N (daily)	a: 10 pm d: 10 am	a: 10 pm d: 10 am	98.55°
SCIAMACHY	85°S–85°N (65° for winter hemisphere)	a: 10 pm d: 10 am	d: 10 am	98.55°
ACE-FTS	85°S–85°N (~over one season)	N/A	N/A	74°
HIRDLS	65°S–82°N (daily)	a: 1:43 pm d: 1:43 am	a: 2:57 pm d: 0:30 am	98.21°
MLS	82°S–82°N (daily)	a: 1:43 pm d: 1:43 am	a: 1:25 am d: 1:25 pm	98.21°
TES	82°S–82°N (daily) (50°S-70°N for 2008/09; 30°S-50°N for 2010)	a: 1:43 pm d: 1:43 am	a: 1:43 pm d: 1:43 am	98.21°
SMILES	38°S–65°N (daily)	N/A	N/A	51.6°

¹ Local time of equator crossing for satellites with sun-synchronous orbit (a=ascending, d= descending)

² Local time of measurement made at equator crossing for satellites with sun-synchronous orbit (a=ascending, d= descending)

Table S3: Atmospheric constituent climatologies from limb-viewing satellite instruments submitted to the SPARC Data Initiative archive, listed by instrument. Preliminary version of Table 1.1 of the SPARC-DataInitiative (2013) report (in preparation):

	O ₃	H ₂ O	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CCl ₃ F	CCl ₂ F ₂	CO	HF	SF ₆	NO	NO ₂	NO _x	HNO ₃	HNO ₄	N ₂ O ₅	ClONO ₂	NO _y	HCl	CIO	HOCl	Bro	OH	HO ₂	CH ₂ O	CH ₃ CN	aerosol
ACE-FTS	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					x				
Aura-MLS	x	x		x		x					x						x	x	x	x	x	x				
GOMOS	x									x															x	
HALOE	x	x	x				x	x	x	x							x									
HIRDLS	x			x	x					x		x														
LIMS	x	x								x		x														
MAESTRO	x																									
MIPAS	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
OSIRIS	x									x	x		d				x			x				x		
POAM II	x									x														x		
POAM III	x	x								x														x		
SAGE I	x																									
SAGE II	x	x								x														x		
SAGE III	x	x								x														x		
SCIAMACHY	x	x								x	x		d						x					x		
SMILES	x										x						x		x	x	x	x	x	x		
Odin/SMR	x	x	x			x		x		x				x			x	m	x	x		x				
TES	x	t					x	t																		
UARS-MLS	x	x									x						x			x						

Legend:

x available

x_d climatology derived with the help of a chemical box model

x_m merged and derived NO_y climatology using OSIRIS NO₂ and Odin/SMR HNO₃ data

x_t Climatologies from Nadir-viewing satellites (TES)